

# 40 NE 52<sup>nd</sup> Way Fridley, MN 55421-1014 Toll-Free (877) 571-7100 <u>www.plunketts.net</u>

# Indoor/Exterior Integrated Pest Management Program for (xxx)

#### Introduction

The objective of our Integrated Pest Management program at (xxx) is to effectively prevent and control pests <u>inside</u> and immediately <u>outside</u> the building. We are committed to protecting the health and safety of those visiting and working in the building, while helping to maintain an efficient, healthy environment.

Our program is based on inspection and monitoring, with pest control materials to be used only when and where they are needed.

## Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Philosophy

#### Non-Chemical Prevention and Control

Non-chemical prevention and control measures are always considered first, and are used whenever practical. Pest control chemicals are applied only as a <u>supplement</u> to responsible non-chemical measures – never as a <u>substitute</u> for them. When the application of a pest control material is required, <u>least-toxic</u> materials are considered first.

Non-chemical materials and methods in use as part of our Integrated Pest Management program include:

- Routine <u>inspections</u> (performed on a monthly basis)
- Positive identification of pests before considering control strategies
- <u>Monitoring</u> via the use of sticky traps (zone monitors) as an early-warning system against pest invasion
- Making recommendations to site Engineering and Maintenance personnel pertaining to needed <u>sanitation</u> and <u>maintenance</u> improvements to prevent pest entry or remove pests' survival needs (food, water or shelter)
- The use of traps (<u>mechanical control</u>), such as rodent traps and insect light traps, to monitor for pest presence and to aid in controlling pests
- The use of <u>physical controls</u>, such as light management, air-quality management (e.g., use of fans or dehumidifiers to dry out a damp area) and temperature control
- Non-toxic monitoring blocks for rodents, including Detex Blox (a non-toxic rodent monitoring block)

# **Least-Toxic Materials**

Least-toxic materials and practices include materials named on the 2009 San Francisco Reduced-Risk Pesticide List under Use Category: Allowed – Hazard Tier III (lowest hazard); and/or materials that are named as Allowed under the rules of the National Organic Program, National List:

(List, next page)

- Insect baits containing boric acid or other low-toxicity active ingredient:
  - o Drax PF Gel (insect bait)
  - o InTice Granular Bait (insect bait)
  - o Pro-Joe S Ant Bait (insect bait)
  - Advion Ant Gel Bait (insect bait)
  - o Advion Cockroach Gel Bait (insect bait)
  - Maxforce Cockroach Gel Bait (insect bait)
- Non-synergized pyrethrins:
  - o PyGanic Pro (insect spray and insect aerosol)
- Naturally-occurring dusts containing boric acid or diatomaceous earth:
  - o Borid (dust)
  - o Mother Earth D (dust)

### **Chemical Application Practices**

We will not store, mix or dispose of any pest control materials on site.

All of Plunkett's field employees are licensed in Structural Pest Control and certified in the types of applications they make.

Should it ever be necessary to use a pest control material not considered "least risk," we will communicate with building management in the selection of that product, and will provide universal notification according to the policy stated below.

All chemicals will be chosen and applied according to EPA-approved label directions and the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act; and according to our policies as stated in this document.

We will adhere to all label directions pertaining to environmental/human health precautions, personal protective clothing and equipment, storage and disposal, application restrictions, and use patterns.

When any pest control material is applied inside, we will post the area with a treatment notice so that individuals working in the area are apprised of the application. This is in addition to the 72-hour universal notification that must be given prior to use of a non-least risk material; this is also in addition to the 24-hour emergency notification period following emergency use of a non-least risk material.

#### Pest Thresholds and Action Plans

The following are examples of decision-making under our Integrated Pest Management Program for 50 S.  $10^{th}$  St., showing: pests we might encounter; thresholds; non-chemical measures we could take; least-risk pest control materials available; and precautions to be taken if using a non-least risk material:

Pest type	Thres- hold	Non-chemical strategies	Least-risk materials	Precautions to be taken if using non-least-risk material
Cock- roaches	One	Clean up food and beverage spills; vacuum; sticky traps; identify suppliers sending	Sticky traps  Boric acid-	Avoid sprays and dusts; use low-volatility baits when possible
		infested shipments and notify or switch suppliers	based baits  Advion gel bait	Apply baits in such a way that they can be retrieved after problem is eliminated

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Pest type	Threshold	Non-chemical strategies	Least-risk materials	Precautions to be taken if using non-least-risk material
Ants	Any number deemed disruptive to productivity	Caulk entry cracks, e.g. in floor slabs  Clean up food and beverage spills  Trim foliage near building	Boric acid- based ant baits, such as Drax or Pro-Joe S Advion ant bait	Apply low-volatility material under low pressure to inaccessible areas  Use baits wherever possible
Occasional invading pests, e.g. crickets, spiders, lady beetles, firebrats, silverfish, etc.	Any number deemed disruptive to productivity	Caulk entry cracks  Install and maintain screens  Keep doors closed  Inspect and repair door sweeps  Install sodium-vapor light fixtures over entry doors instead of mercury-vapor  Stick traps near entry points	Borid dust  Mother Earth D (diatomaceous earth)	Apply low-volatility material as a barrier treatment outdoors in such a way that it cannot be tracked inside or picked up by air intake system
Stored product insects	Any noticeable number in a given area	Clean up food sources  Suggest employees do not store food at work stations  Vacuum crumbs and insects	Boric acid  Mother Earth D (diatomaceous earth)  Pheromone traps	Apply low-volatility material under low pressure only to cracks and crevices where pests hide  Allow material to dry before allowing access to building occupants
Stinging insects	Any nest of a social stinging insect within 50 feet of an entry or frequented outdoor area	Keep holes in building walls, retaining walls, landscape elements, etc. sealed to reduce attractiveness to stinging insects  Remove nests as they are being built, if possible	None	Targeted application directly into nest; removal of nest afterward
Flying insects	Any number deemed disruptive to productiv- ity		inued)	

Pest type	Threshold	Non-chemical strategies	Least-risk materials	Precautions to be taken if using non-least-risk material
Mice and rats	One	Seal entry holes and gaps  Mechanical traps  Sanitation to reduce food, water and harborage sources	None	Apply rodenticides in tamper- resistant bait stations  Apply rodenticides outdoors only, if possible
Nuisance wildlife	Any animal perceived as a threat	Keep doors closed Structural maintenance and repairs Repellents Live traps	Possibly odor repellents	No least-risk materials used

## Communication With Building Management and Occupants

We consider Communication with building management, especially Engineering and Maintenance, to be of high importance, since they are our partners in keeping the building pest-free. It is our duty to inform management if improvements need to be made in sanitation, maintenance or personnel practices. Then, we rely on our client to support our efforts by taking action accordingly.

Should it become necessary to apply a pest control material other than the least-risk materials described above, we will provide management and building occupants with 72 hours' advance notice, or 24 hours or less following application in an emergency. An emergency is defined as a situation in which a pest situation immediately threatens the life or safety of persons occupying or visiting the building – for example, a yellow-jacket nest in or near an occupied building area.

A copy of the universal notification letter to be used is attached.

#### Performance Measurement and Quality Assurance

The technician responsible for implementing this program will receive a copy of this program and the accompanying notification letter, and will be instructed to follow it. Copies of this program will also be provided to the technician's supervisor and regional manager, so that they can integrate appropriate quality assurance measures for LEED compliance at (xxx) into Plunkett's established quality-assurance system. Our performance measurement and quality assurance process consists of informal supervisory ride-along assessments; and formal Technician Quality Inspections, which in the case of 50 S. 10<sup>th</sup> St. will include comparing technician performance with the standards outlined in the LEED-compliant Integrated Pest Management program.

Acceptable performance shall be determined by a review of service records showing that pesticides not listed as least-toxic were not used; or showing that proper notification was given when a pesticide not listed as least-toxic was used, according to the policy outlined above.

Submitted by:

Jay Bruesch, BCE Technical Director

Policy statement created/reviewed July 16, 2010



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# Notification of Intent to Apply Pest Control Materials or Notice of Emergency Application of Pest Control Materials (xxx)

The objective of our Integrated Pest Management program is to effectively prevent and control pests inside and immediately outside the building. We are committed to protecting the health and safety of those visiting and working in the building, while helping to maintain an efficient, healthy office environment.

Non-chemical measures are always considered prior to use of any pest control material. Least-risk materials and practices are preferred when it is necessary to apply a pest control material.

Our policy is to provide notice to building management and occupants should it become necessary to apply a pest control material or a method other than a least-risk material, a minimum of 72 hours in advance of the application. (In the event of an emergency, our policy is to provide notice at least 24 hours following the emergency application. An emergency is defined as a situation in which a pest situation immediately threatens the life, health, or safety of persons occupying or visiting the building – for example, a yellow-jacket nest in or near an occupied building area.

#### Notice is hereby given of:

Intent to apply a pe	esticide NOT designated as a "least-rish	k" material:
We plan to apply _	(Name of pest control material)	
at::	on / in:	(Area)
The Signal Word f	ound on the EPA-approved label of thi	s product, indicating its relative toxicity, is:
☐ Caution ☐ Warning		
and, in the judgme		the threat of damage to health or property; l assigned to this account, a least-risk option

we applied		
••	(Name of pest control material)	(Active ingredient/common name)
at:	on / in: (Date)	
(Time)	(Date)	(Area)
The Signal Wor	rd found on the label of this product, in	dicating its relative toxicity, is:
☐ Caution ☐ Warning		
the judgment of	the pest management professional ass le on an emergency basis, for which a	threat of damage to health or property; and, in igned to this account, the situation called for east-risk option is either not available or would
the judgment of use of a pesticid	the pest management professional ass le on an emergency basis, for which a	gned to this account, the situation called for

Notification letter created/reviewed July 16, 2010